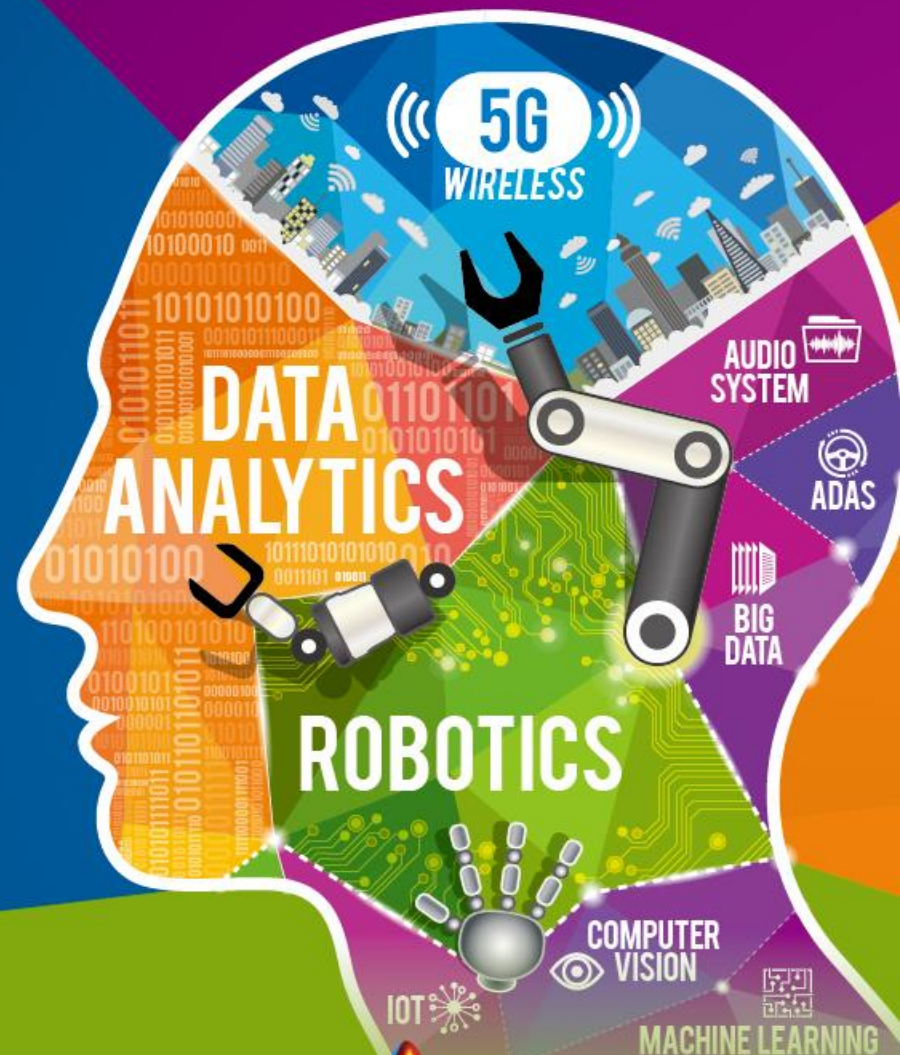
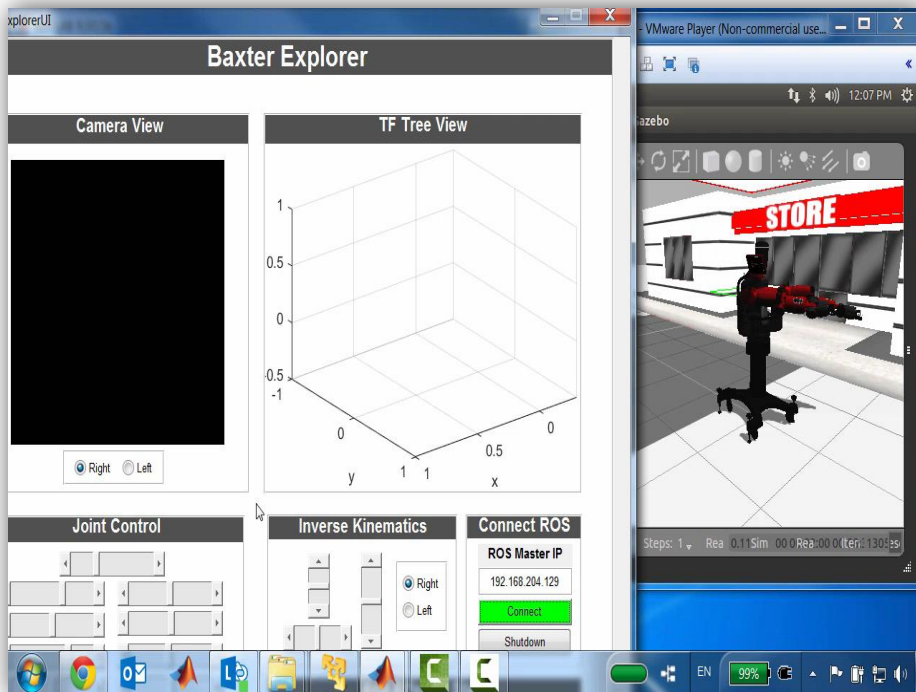


# 服務型/移動型 機器人演算法 開發、測試與實現

Jerry Tung  
Sarah Hung

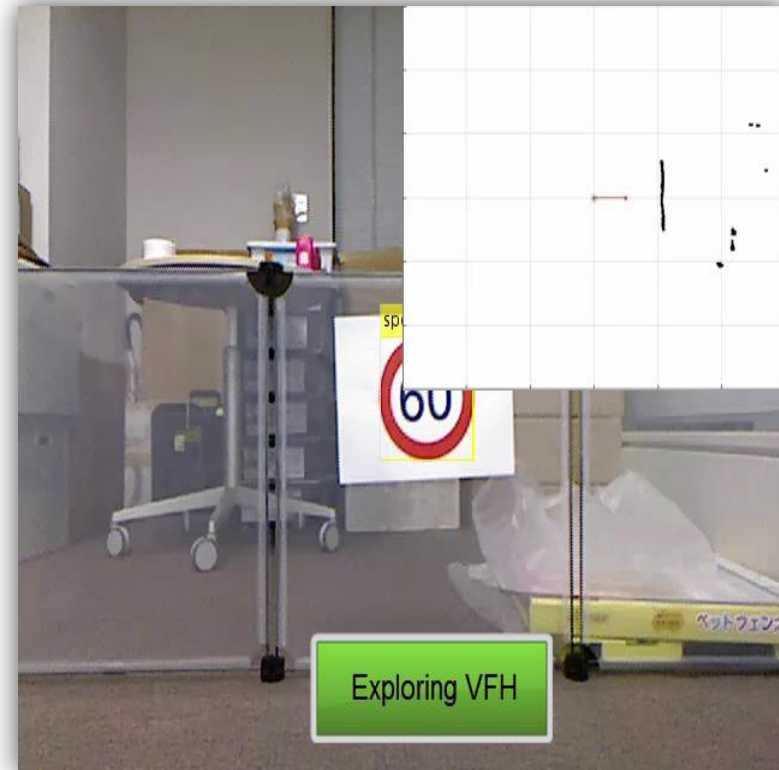
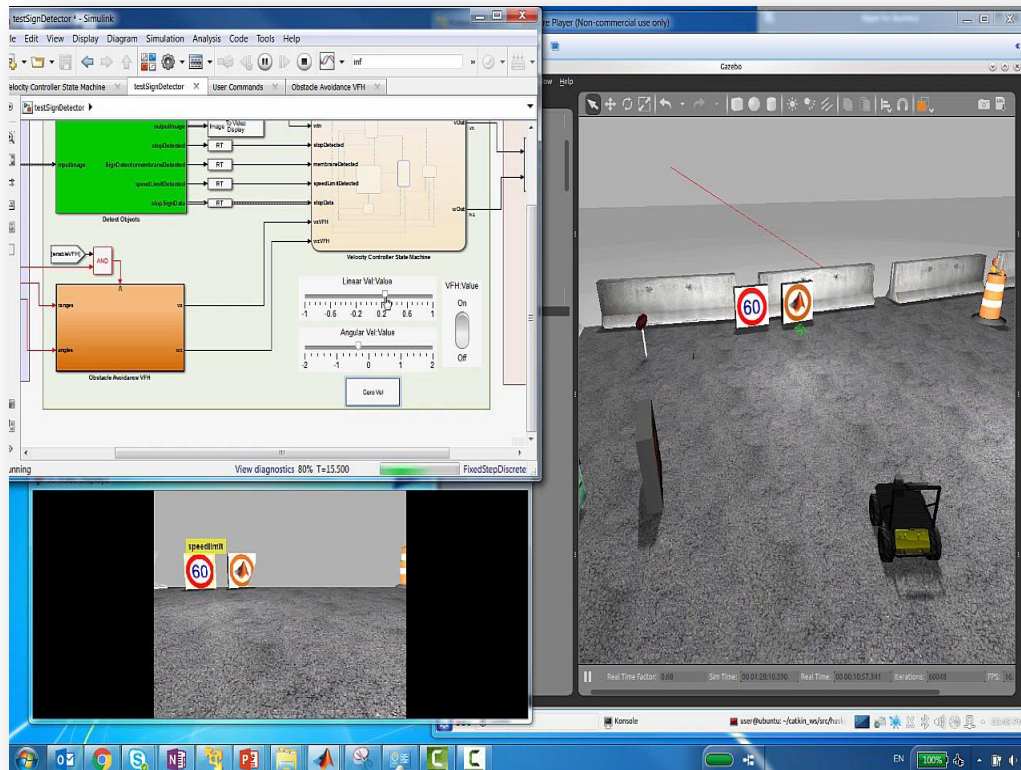


# Advanced Robotics: Design, Simulation, and Implementation



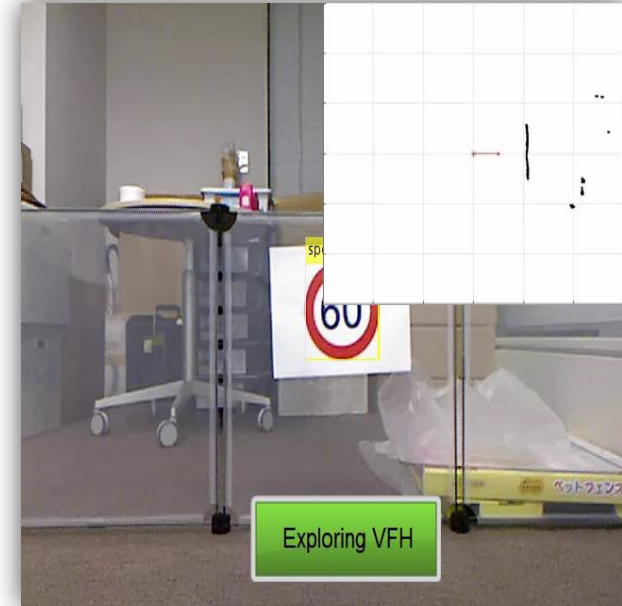
*Collaborative robot arm autonomously playing checkers*

# Advanced Robotics: Design, Simulation, and Implementation



*Sign Detection and Obstacle Avoidance*

# Robots Algorithms



## Manipulators

- Rigid Body Trees
- Inverse Kinematics
- Force Control

## Robotics General

- Coordinate Transformations
- Rate Objects
- ROS Connectivity
- State Machine Design

## Mobile Robots

- Maps
- Path Planning
- Path Tracking
- Localization
- Obstacle Avoidance

# 以MATLAB做為”服務型機器人”大腦開發演算法的工具 (開發階段)



Many devices,  
interface

ROS Network

C API, Support Package  
Ethernet, RS-232, ...

**攝影機**

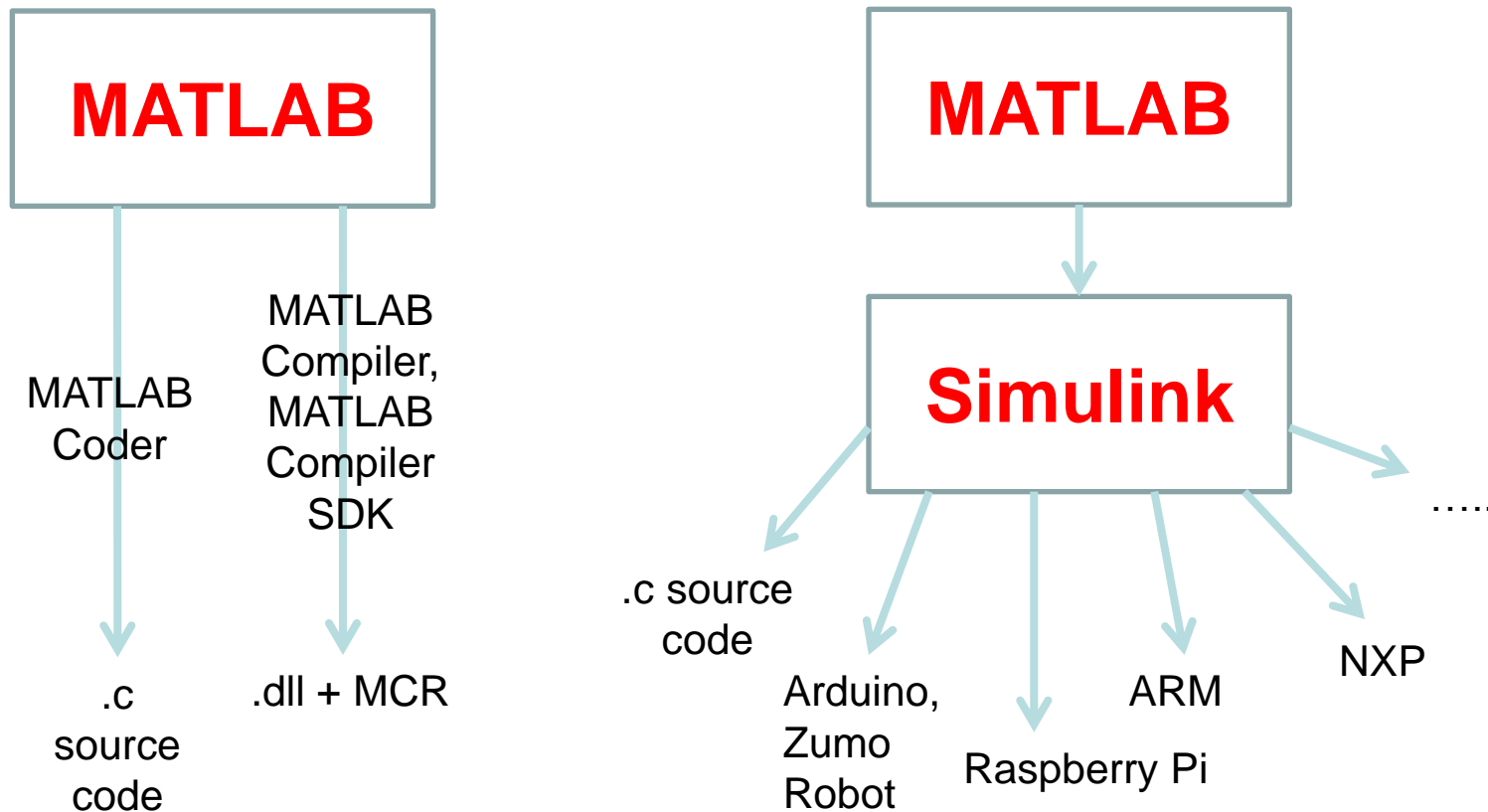
**ROS裝置**

**其他裝置**



# 以MATLAB做為服務型機器人大腦開發演算法的工具 (實現階段)

- MATLAB/Simulink Deployment



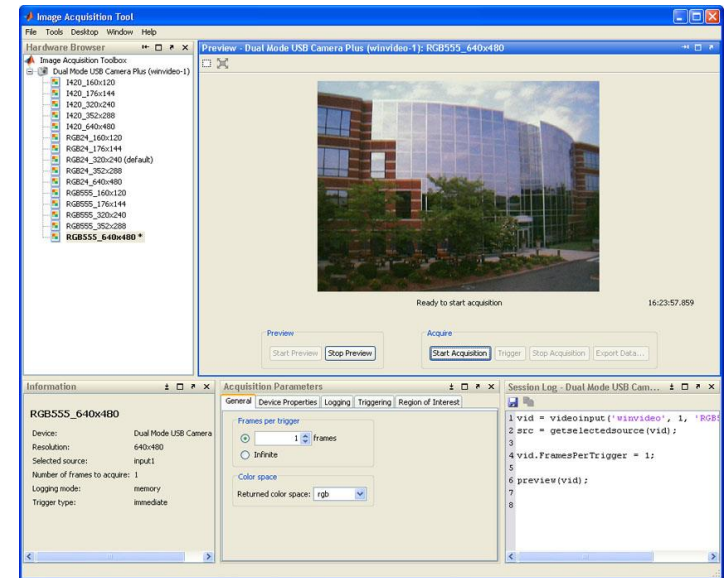
# Agenda

- How MATLAB acquire Mobile Robot sensor data (Point Cloud Sensors, Camera, ROS, ...)
- How MATLAB support Robot Simulator such as GAZEBO
- Mobile Robot Control Algorithms
  - Mapping
  - Path Planning
  - Path Following
  - SLAM

# Image Acquisition Toolbox

## Acquire images/videos into MATLAB and Simulink

- Manage device properties
- GUI or functional interface
- Supports over 30 hardware vendors
- Synchronize multimodal devices
- Configure, acquire, and preview live video data using a graphical interface



# Image Acquisition Toolbox Hardware Support

- Industry standard support:
  - Frame grabbers
    - Analog
    - Camera Link (BitFlow, Imperx, Matrox Imaging, NI, Teledyne DALSA)
  - DCAM compatible FireWire (IIDC 1394)
  - GigE Vision
  - GenICam GenTL (USB3 camera)
  - OS Generic Video interface
    - Direct Show (for Windows)
    - Video4linux2/Gstreamer (for Linux)
    - QuickTime (for Mac)



For more information, check out the following:

<http://www.mathworks.com/products/imaq/>

# Image Acquisition Toolbox Hardware Support

- Manufacturer-Specific Support
  - Kinect for Windows Sensor
  - Point Grey
  - Hamamatsu
  - QImaging
  - Matrox Frame Grabbers
  - National Instruments Frame Grabbers
  - Teledyne DALSA Sopera
  - Teledyne DALSA IFC



**HAMAMATSU**

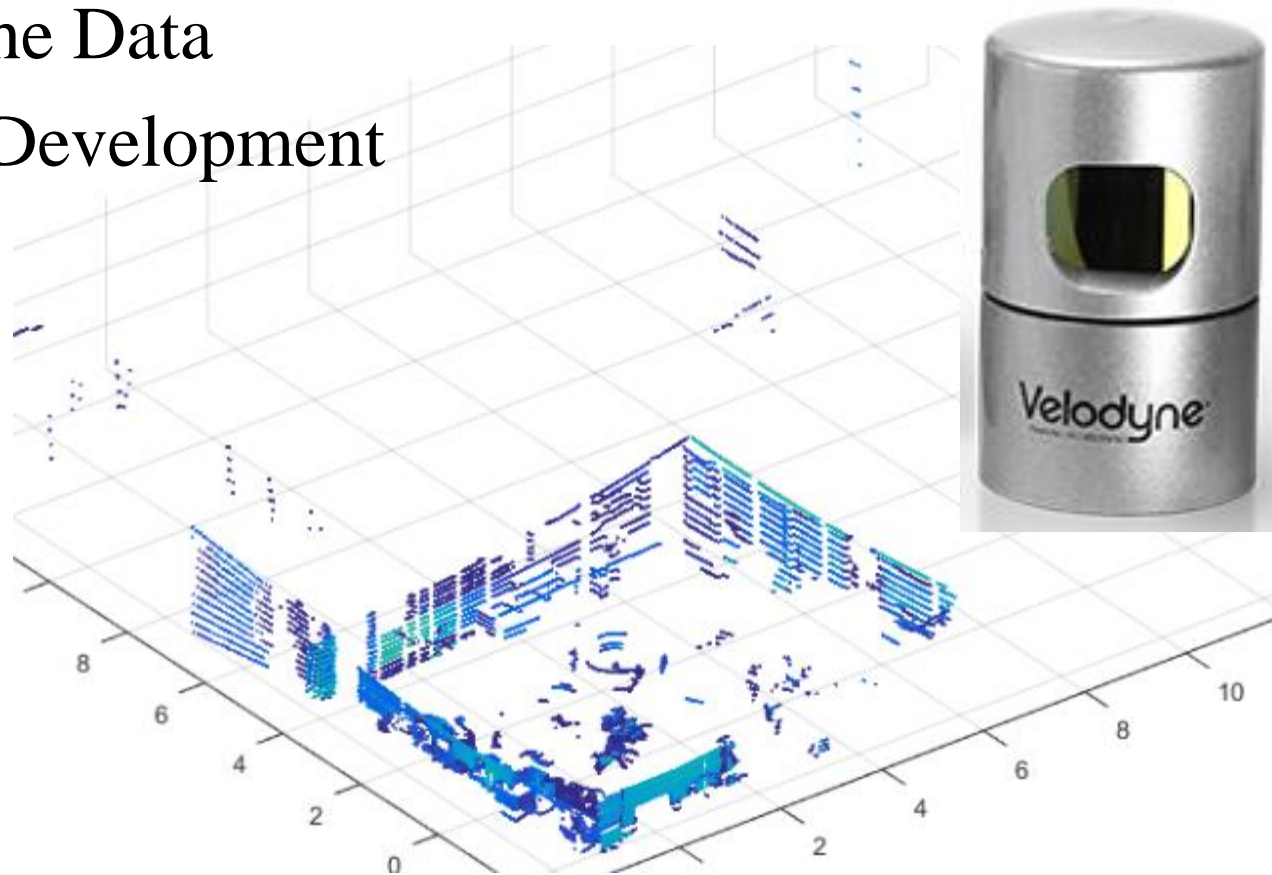


**NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS™**



## Velodyne example

- Collecting data through Ethernet in MATLAB
- Decoding the Data
- Algorithm Development



# Kinect example

- Hardware Support Package



**Image Acquisition Toolbox Support Package for Kinect For Windows Sensor** version 16.2.0.0 by MathWorks Image Acquisition Toolbox Team ★★★★★  
 203 Downloads Updated 14 Sep 2016

Acquire video and images from **Kinect** for Windows Sensor.  
 Image Acquisition Toolbox™ Support Package for **Kinect** For Windows Sensor enables you to acquire image sensor data directly into MATLAB® and Simulink®.

Hardware Support



**Kinect Matlab** version 1.9 by Dirk-Jan Kroon ★★★★★  
 Microsoft **Kinect**, OpenNI wrapper, Skeleton, Depth  
 84 Downloads Updated 6 Jun 2013

This zip-file contains c++ wrapper functions for the Microsoft **Kinect**, OpenNI 1.\* and OpenNI 2.\* library. This code is compatible with Matlab 32bit and 64bit, Windows, MacOS and Linux. Note1, OpenNI 2.\*

Collection



**Kinect Microsoft SDK** version 1.3 by Dirk-Jan Kroon ★★★★★  
 Video, Audio, Depth Stream and Skeleton tracking  
 32 Downloads Updated 8 Nov 2011

This zip-file contains c++ wrapper functions for the Microsoft **Kinect**, Microsoft SDK Beta2 library. To compile the code to mex-files use the Microsoft Visual Studio (Express), and install Beta2

Collection



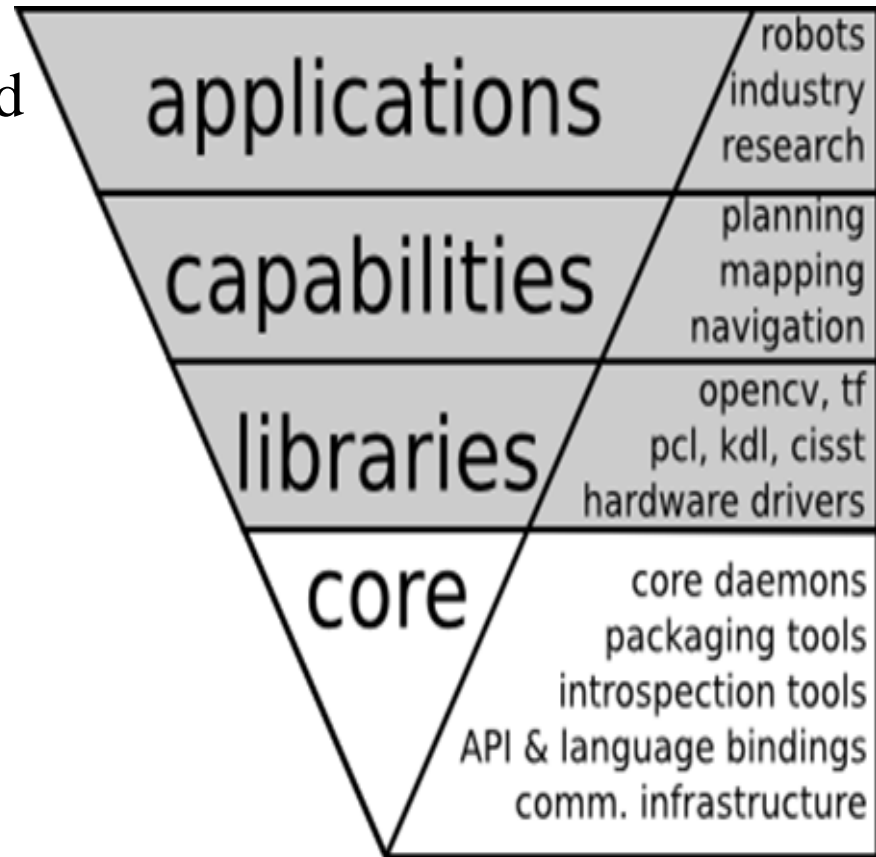
**KEV3** version 1.12 by Liviu Ivanescu ★★★★★  
**Kinect** integration with the EV3 robot  
 15 Downloads Updated 14 Sep 2016



- Raw Data Acquisition Speed : ~20 frames / sec

# What is ROS (Robot Operating System)?

- An architecture for distributed inter-process communication
- Packages for common algorithms and drivers
- Multilanguage interface
- (C++, Python, Lua, Java and **MATLAB**)



# ROS Trends in Robotics Development

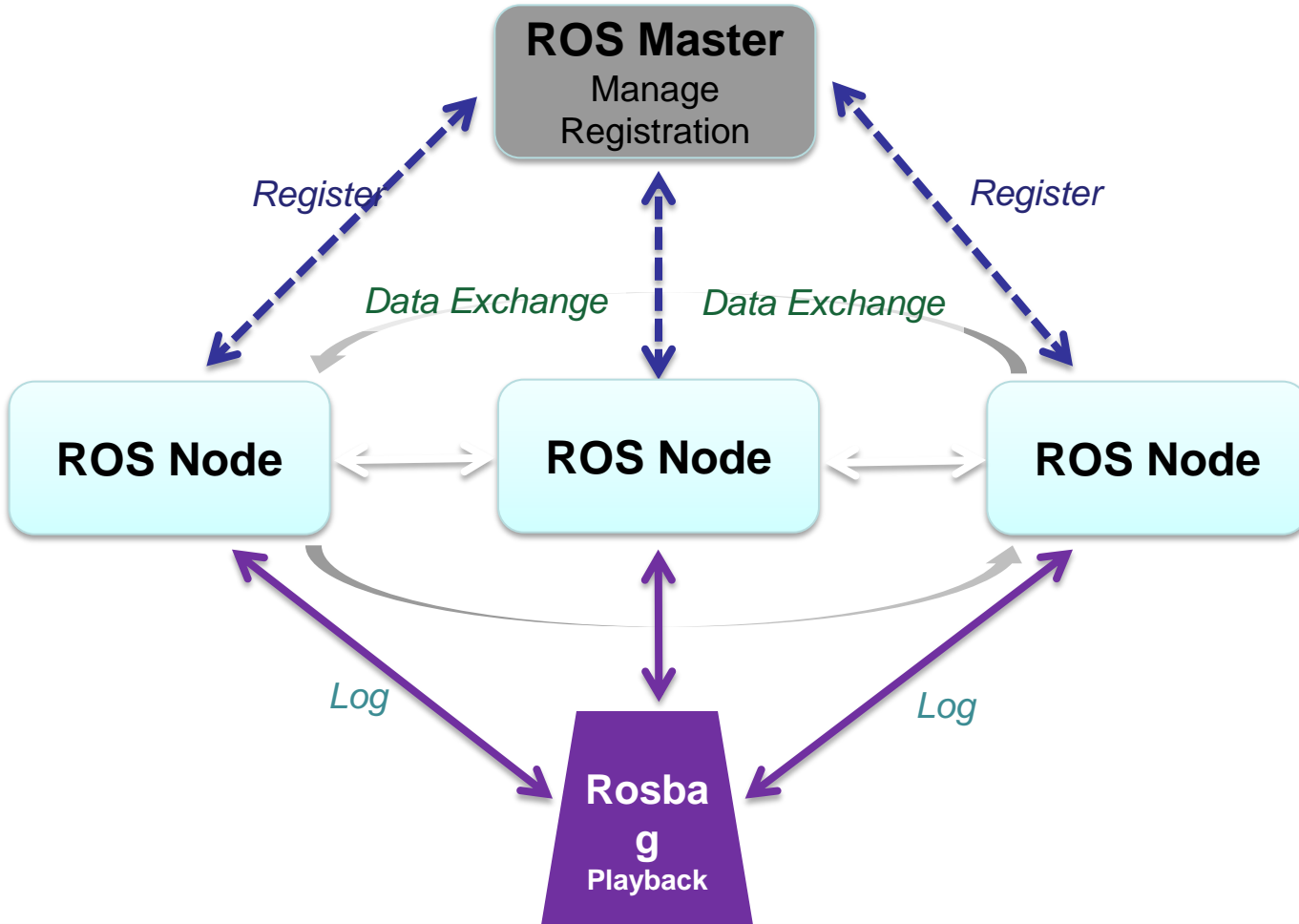
- #1 middleware for robotics applications development
- Popular in research and gaining great momentum in industry



<http://rosindustrial.org/ric-americas/>

CURRENT ROS-INDUSTRIAL CONSORTIUM MEMBERS

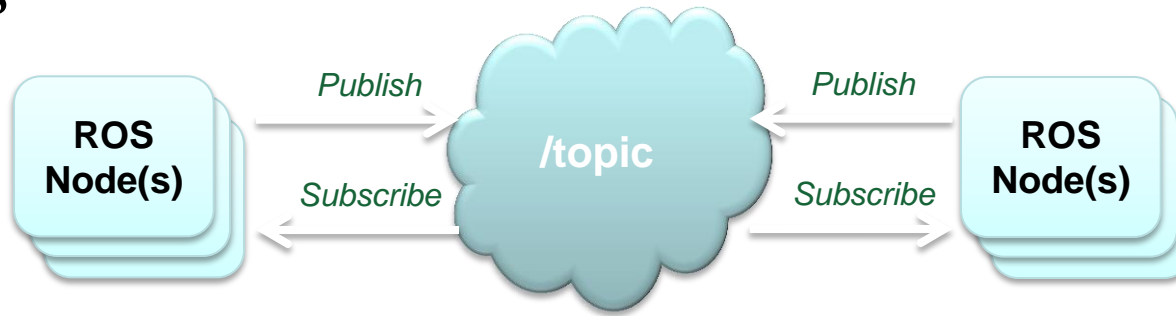
# ROS Network Overview



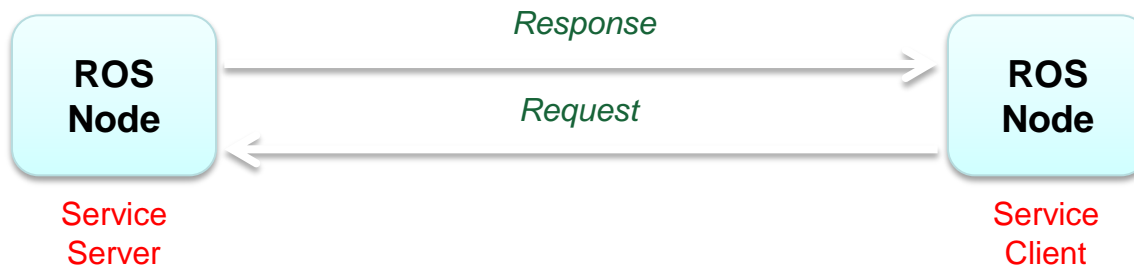
**Management of data transmissions through the ROS network**

# ROS Node Communication Methods

- Topics



- Services

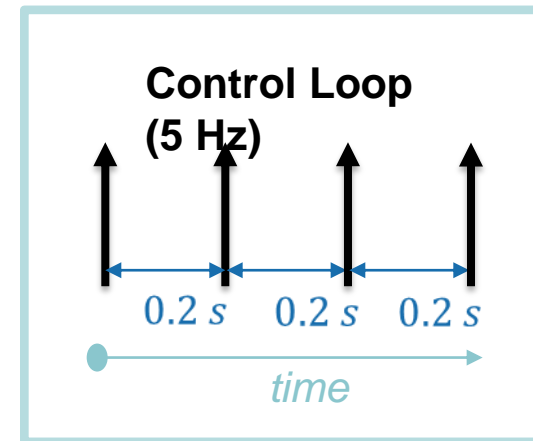


**ROS message selection based on data usage and needs**

# Fixed-Rate Execution

## Run MATLAB code at a fixed rate

- Run your MATLAB code at a constant rate. The object compensates for any user code to maintain the rate.
- Collect statistics about the timing of the loop iterations.
- Use published simulation time when connected to a Robot Operation System (ROS) network



```
r = robotics.Rate(5);

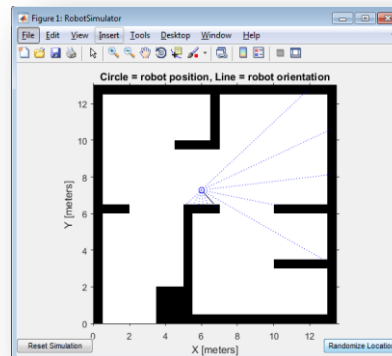
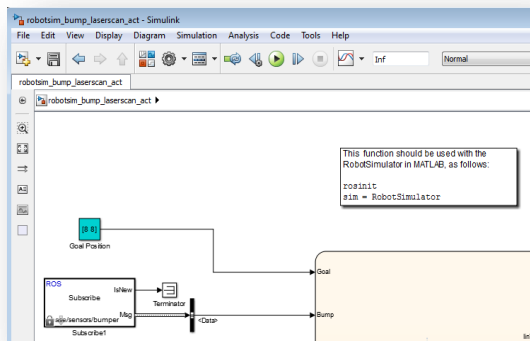
% Run loop at 5 Hz
while(1)
    runUserCode();
    waitfor(r);
end
```

# Workflow for Deploying to a ROS Target

**Prototype algorithm in MATLAB/Simulink**

**Test algorithm with a ROS-enabled Simulator or Robot**

**Generate a standalone ROS node from Simulink**



```

#include <ostream>
#include <boost/thread.hpp>
#include "my_ros.h"
#include "msg_msgs/String.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Point32.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Point.h"

//.....
void algorithmWorker() {
    boost::mutex::scoped_lock myLock (msgSnapshotMutex);

    while (1) {
        while (!DoProcessMessages) {
            MyCondition.wait(myLock);
        }

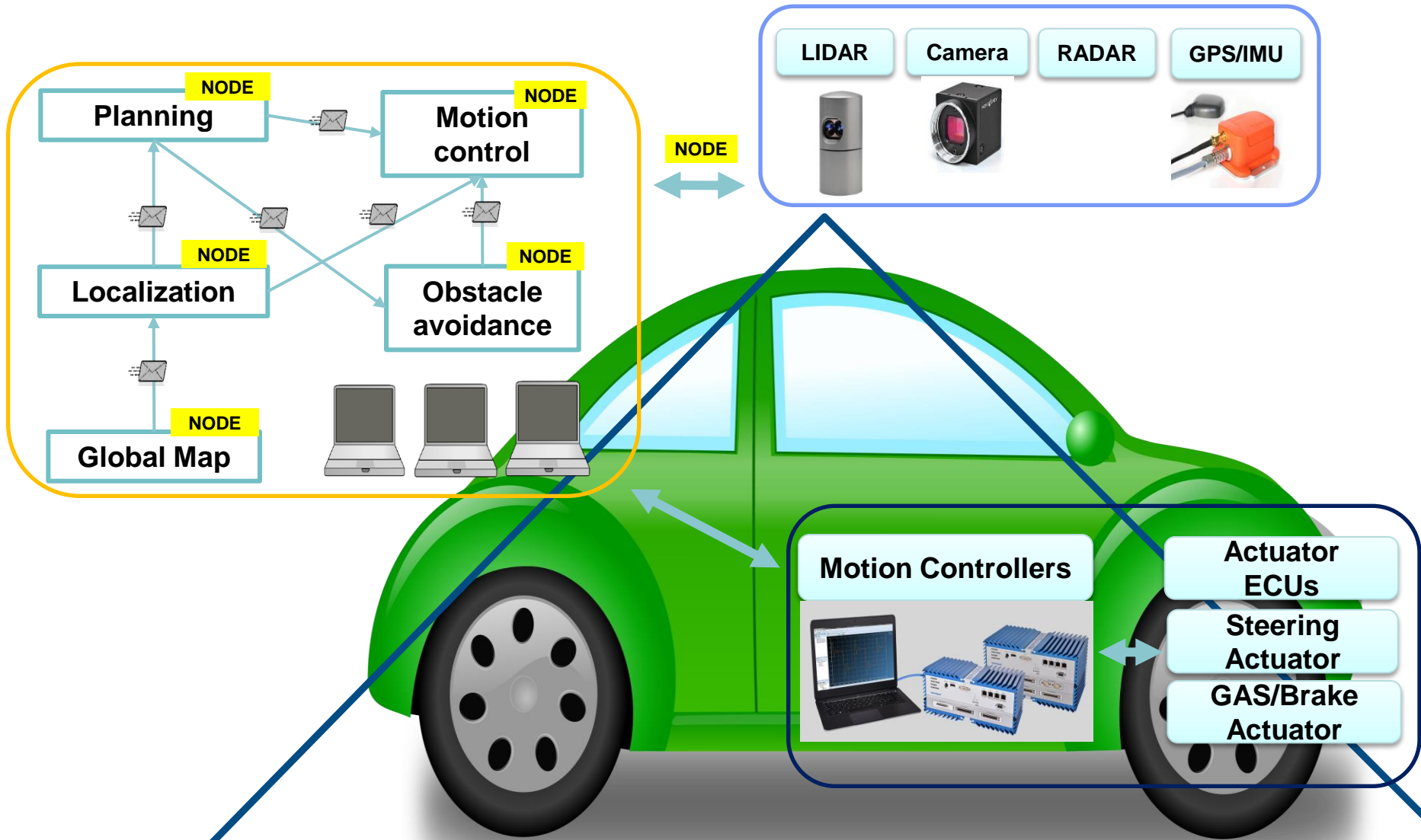
        takeSnapshotOfMessages();
        myCustomAlgorithm();
        publishResult();
        DoProcessMessages = false; // note this done under mutex
    }
}

//.....
void workerFunc() {
    ros::NodeHandle myNode;

    MyAlgorithm = myNode.advertise<geometry_msgs::Point32>("translatePoint", 1000);
    ros::Subscriber mySubscriberPoint =
        myNode.subscribe<msg::String>("geometry_msgs::Point32", 1000, print32MsgCallback);

    ros::spin();
}
    
```

# Autonomous Vehicle as an Advanced Robotics System



ROS: communication framework and stack of libraries

# Automated Driving R&D with ROS at BMW



\*\* MICHAEL AEBERHARD, BMW, ROSCON 2015

# Automated Driving R&D with ROS at BMW

## Using Robotics System Toolbox



ROSCon 2015  
Hamburg, Germany

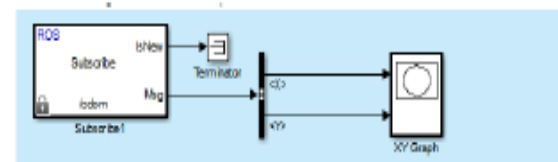
## AUTOMATED DRIVING WITH ROS AT

MICHAEL AEBERHARD, THOMAS KÜHBECK, BERNHARD SEIDL, MA  
JULIAN THOMAS, OLIVER SCHEICKL.

**BMW  
GROUP**

### USING MATLAB/SIMULINK WITH ROS.

- MathWorks released the Robotics System Toolbox this year for ROS integration with Matlab/Simulink.
- Easily read and analyze data from ROS Bags → useful for evaluating the system.
- Some of our software is implemented as a Simulink model.
  - Use the Toolbox to easily integrated this software into the ROS eco-system:



<http://www.mathworks.com/products/robotics/>



# MathWorks Tools in Autonomous Driving

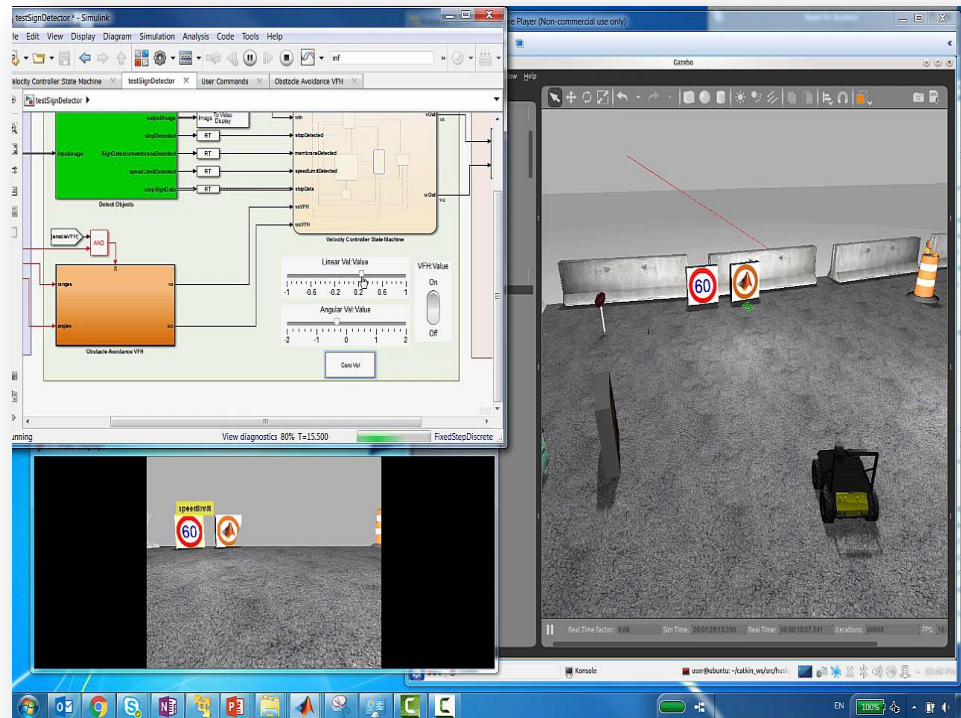


# Agenda

- How MATLAB acquire Mobile Robot sensor data (Point Cloud Sensors, Camera, ROS, ...)
- How MATLAB support Robot Simulator such as GAZEBO
- Mobile Robot Control Algorithms
  - Mapping
  - Path Planning
  - Path Following
  - SLAM

# What is Gazebo?

- Open source
- Gazebo is a simulator that allows you to test and experiment realistically with physical scenarios.
- MATLAB® connects to Gazebo through the ROS interface.



# Connect MATLAB to Gazebo Simulator

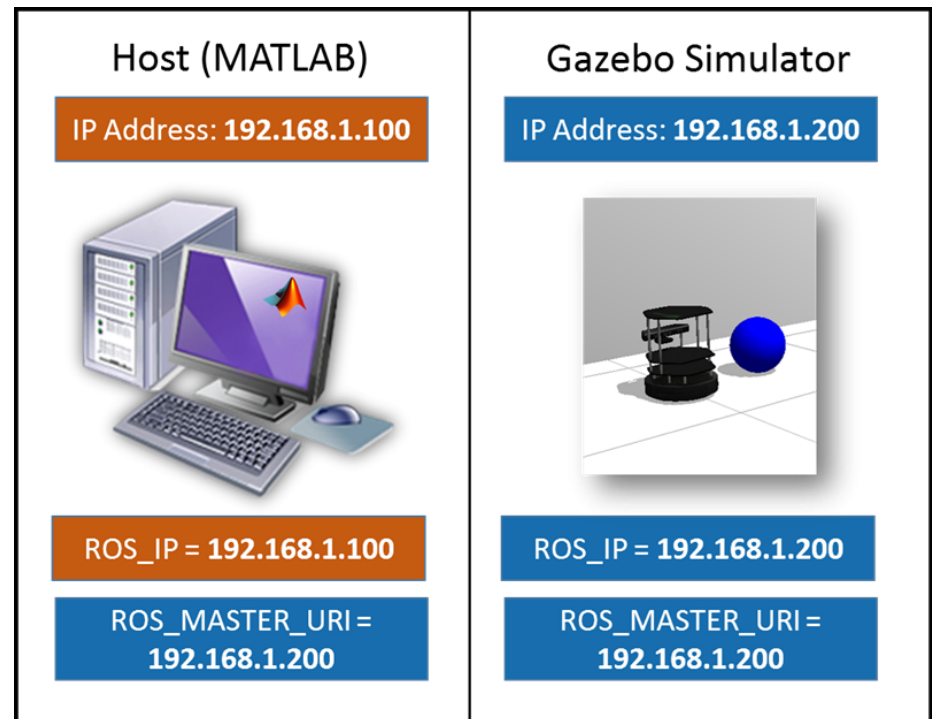
- In Ubuntu virtual machine:
  - Get IP address: **192.168.1.200**
  - Set up Two ROS environment variables:

```
echo export
ROS_MASTER_URI=http://192.168.1.200:11311 >> ~/.bashrc
```

```
echo export
ROS_HOSTNAME=192.168.1.200
>> ~/.bashrc
```

- In Host Computer:
 

```
>> rosinit('192.168.1.200')
```

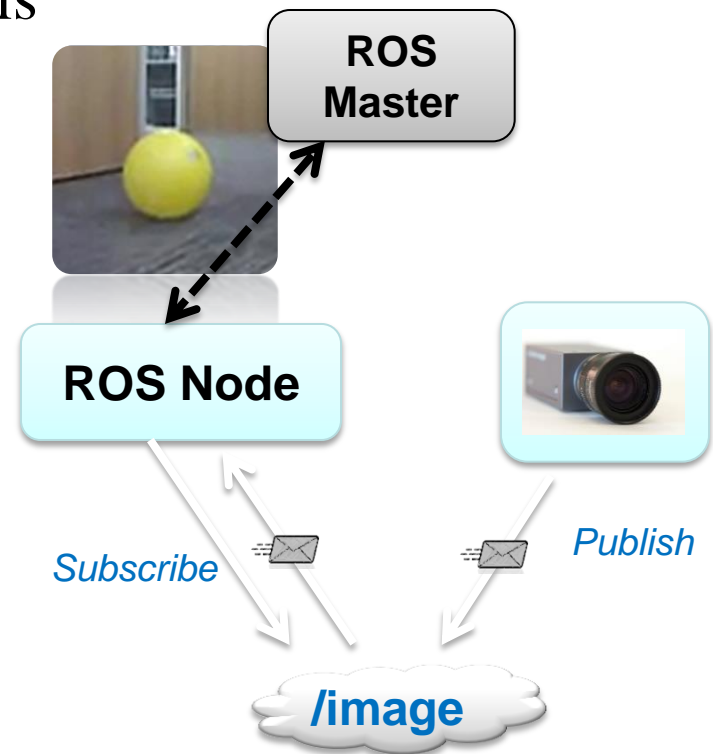


# Interaction between MATLAB and Gazebo

- Add and Remove the Model
- Add Link or Joint to a Model
- Return a List of All Spawned Models
- Pause/Resume/Reset Simulation
- Set Simulation Physics Properties
- Reset the World

More and more...

- ROS instruction:
  - Publish/Subscribe/Service/Client



# Agenda

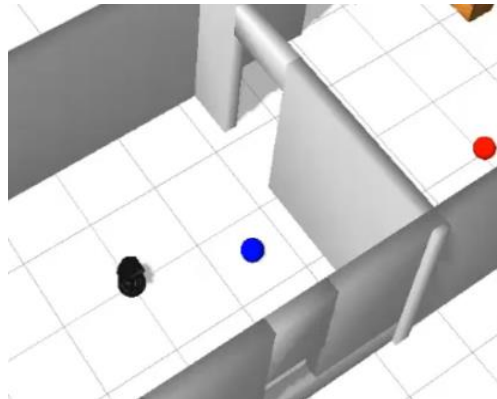
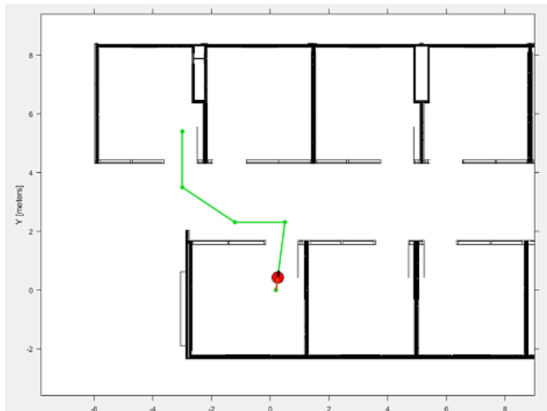
- How MATLAB acquire Mobile Robot sensor data (Point Cloud Sensors, Camera, ROS, ...)
- How MATLAB support Robot Simulator such as GAZEBO
- Mobile Robot Control Algorithms
  - Mapping
  - Path Planning
  - Path Following
  - SLAM

# Overview: Design and Test Robotics Algorithms

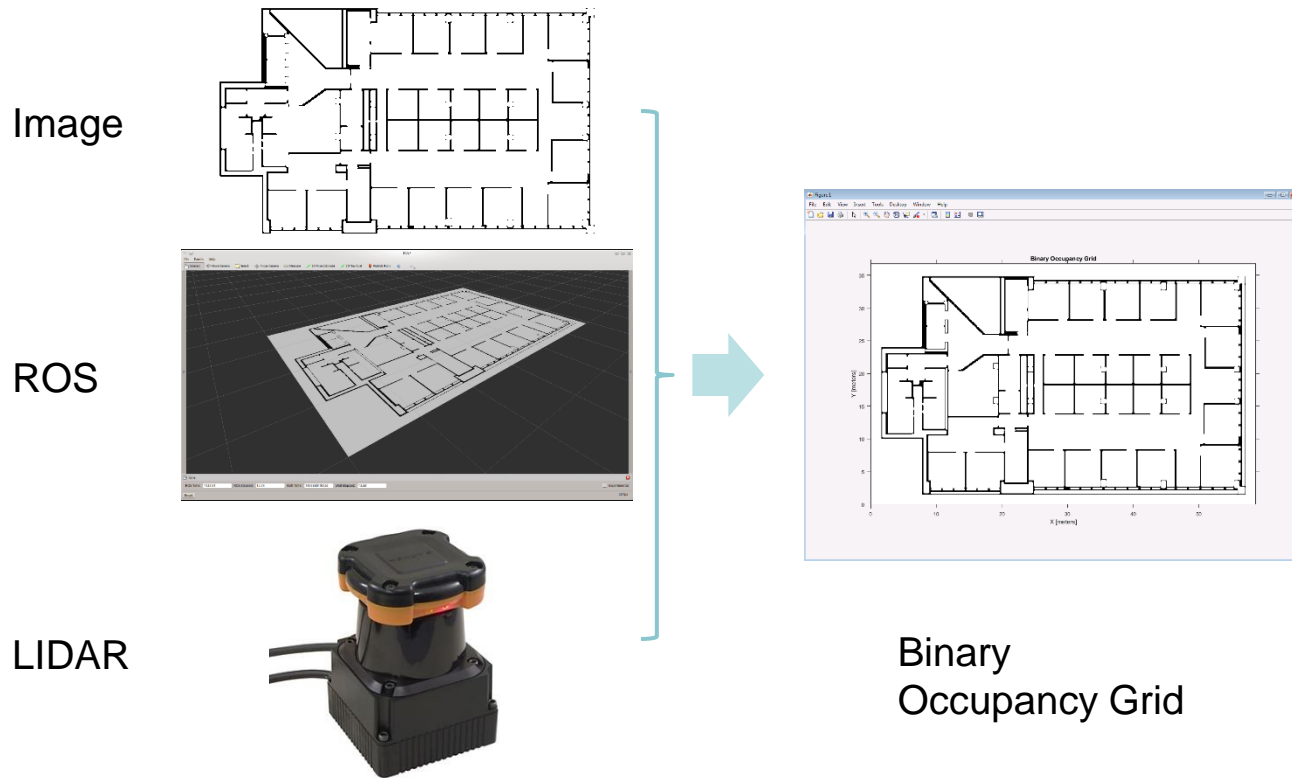
Prototype algorithms  
(e.g., Path Planning)  
in **MATLAB**

Test algorithms  
with ROS-enabled  
Simulators such  
as **Gazebo**

Test algorithms on  
a **Robot** and  
analyze the  
performance with  
**rosviz**

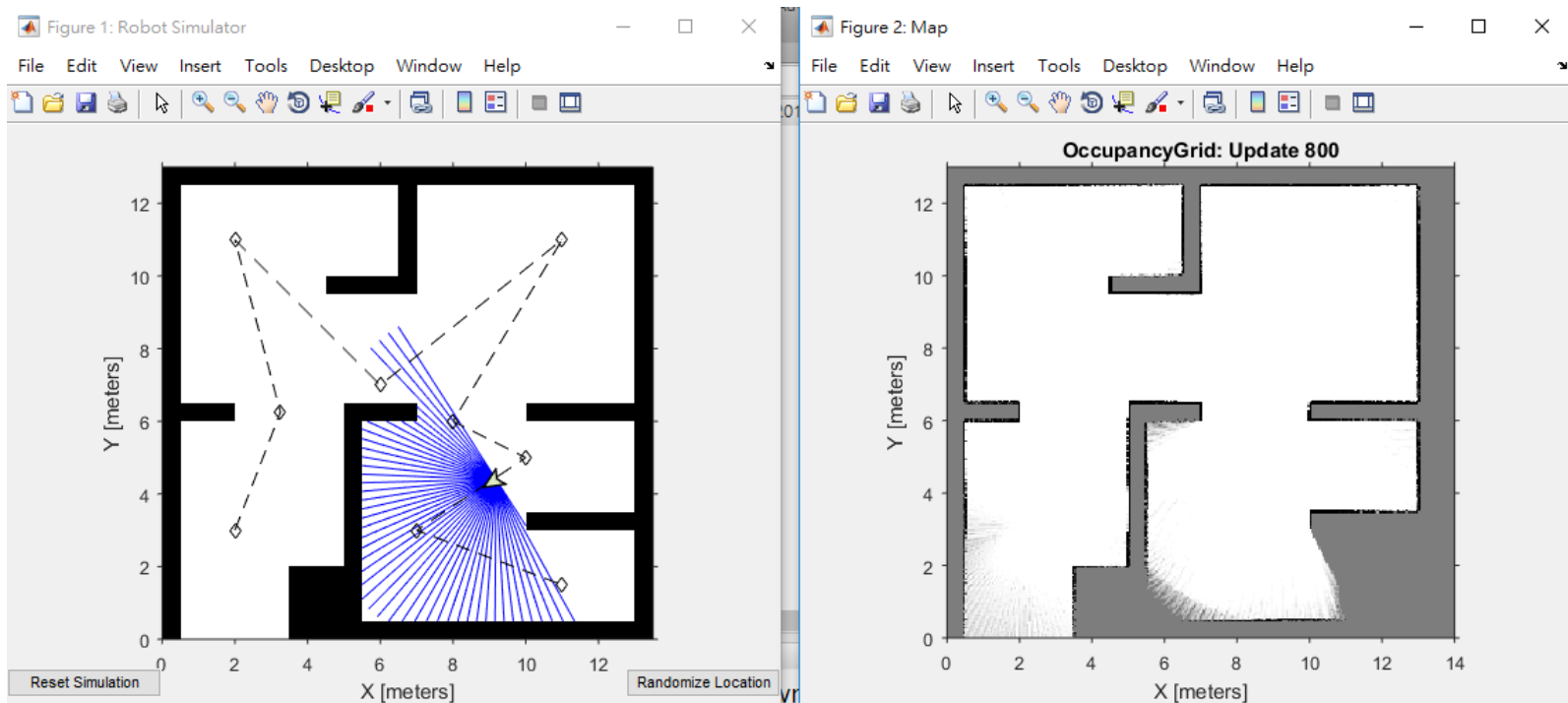


# Map representation using occupancy grid



# Mapping With Known Poses

- Create a map of the environment using range sensor readings



**%% Define an Empty Map**

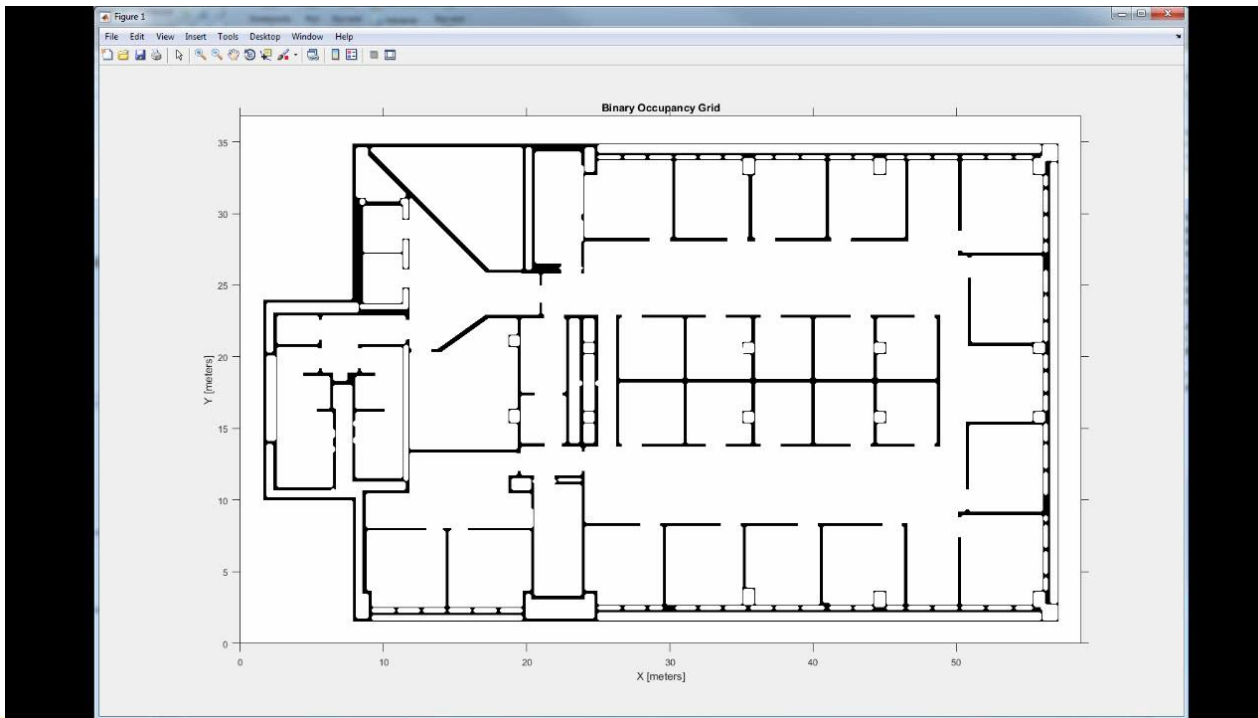
```
map = robotics.OccupancyGrid(14,13,20);
```

**% Insert the laser range observation in the map**

```
insertRay(map,robotpose,ranges,angles,maxrange)
```

# Path Planning using Probabilistic Roadmap

- Plan obstacle-free path between locations on 2D map

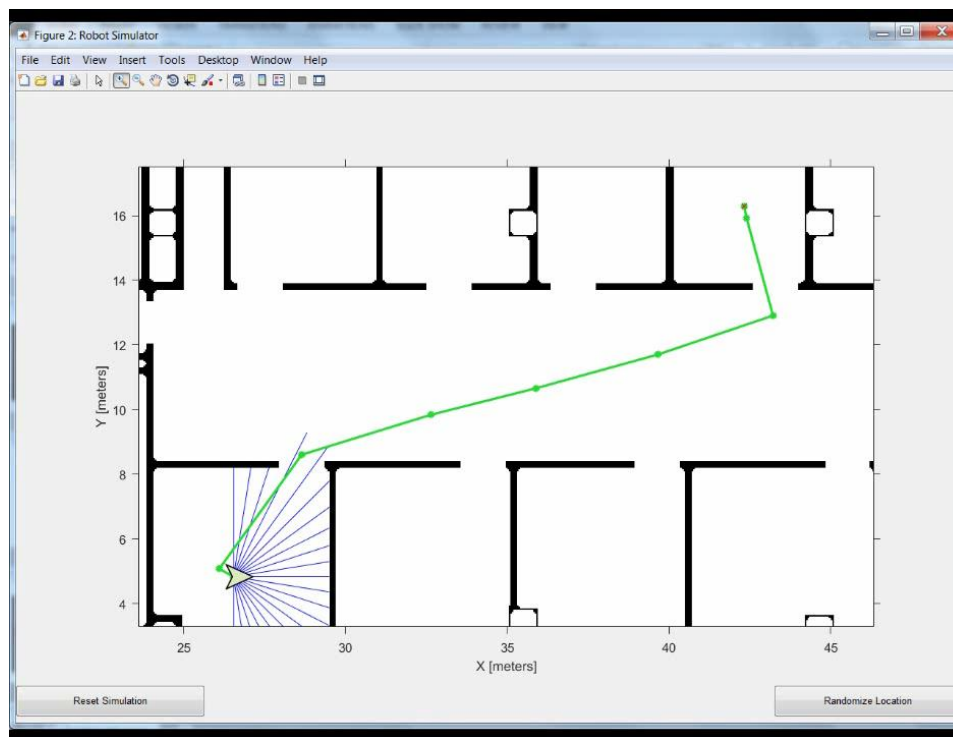


```

prm = robotics.PRM(Map);
prm.NumNodes = 300;
prm.ConnectionDistance=inf;
start = [0 0]; % starting position
goal = [4.5 -3.0]; % ending position
path = findpath(prm,start, goal);
    
```

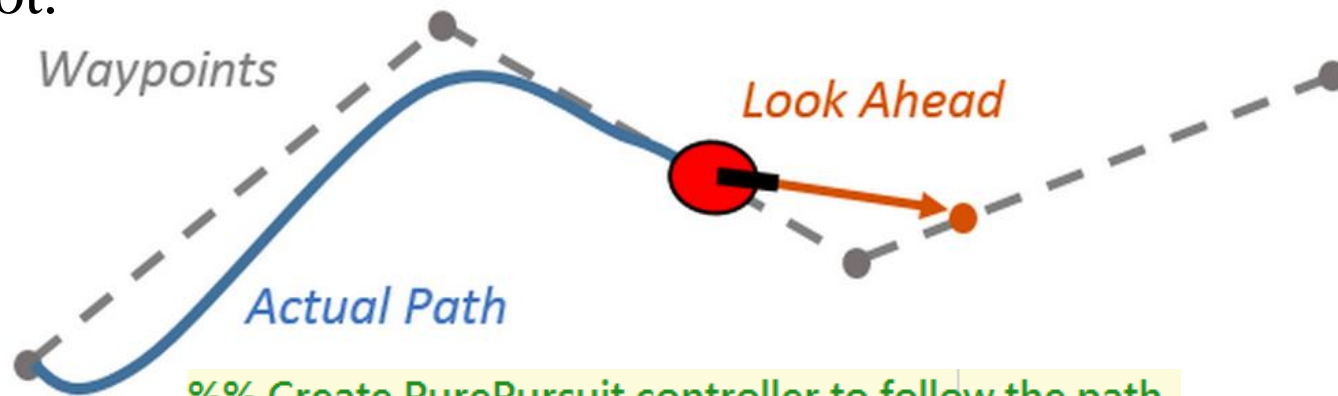
# Path Tracking using Pure Pursuit

- Create controller to follow set of waypoints



# PurePursuit Controller

- Compute linear and angular velocity commands for a mobile robot.



%% Create PurePursuit controller to follow the path

```
controller = robotics.PurePursuit;
controller.Waypoints = path;
controller.DesiredLinearVelocity = 0.3;
controller.MaxAngularVelocity = 2;
controller.LookaheadDistance = 0.6;
```

% Compute the controller outputs

```
[v, omega] = step(controller, robot.CurrentPose);
```

# Algorithm Capabilities in RST

## Mapping

- Map representation using Occupancy Grid

## Path Planning

- Probabilistic Roadmaps
- Avoid obstacles using vector field histogram

## Kinematics and Control

- Pure Pursuit path controller for differential-drive robots

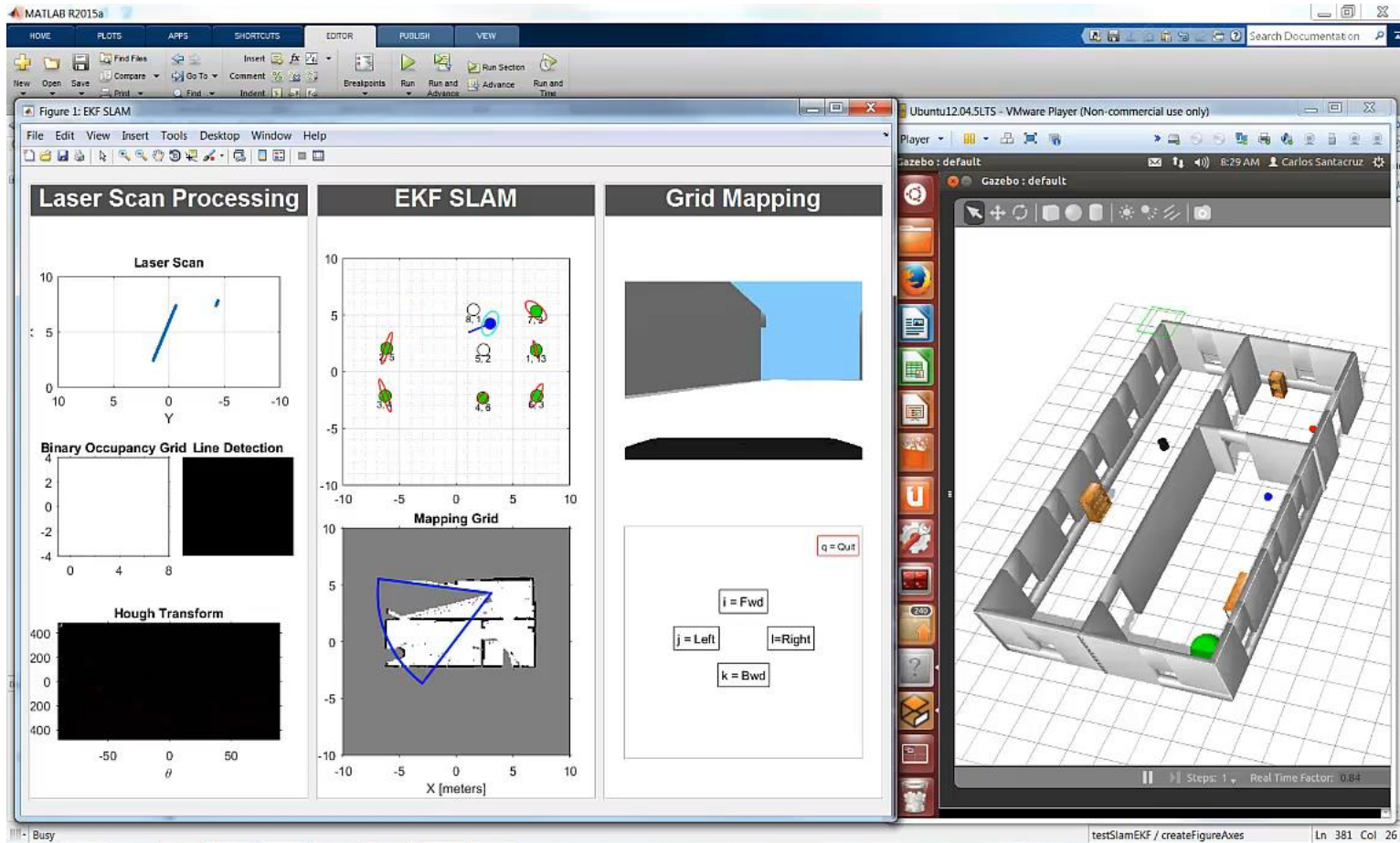
## State Estimation

- Monte Carlo Localization

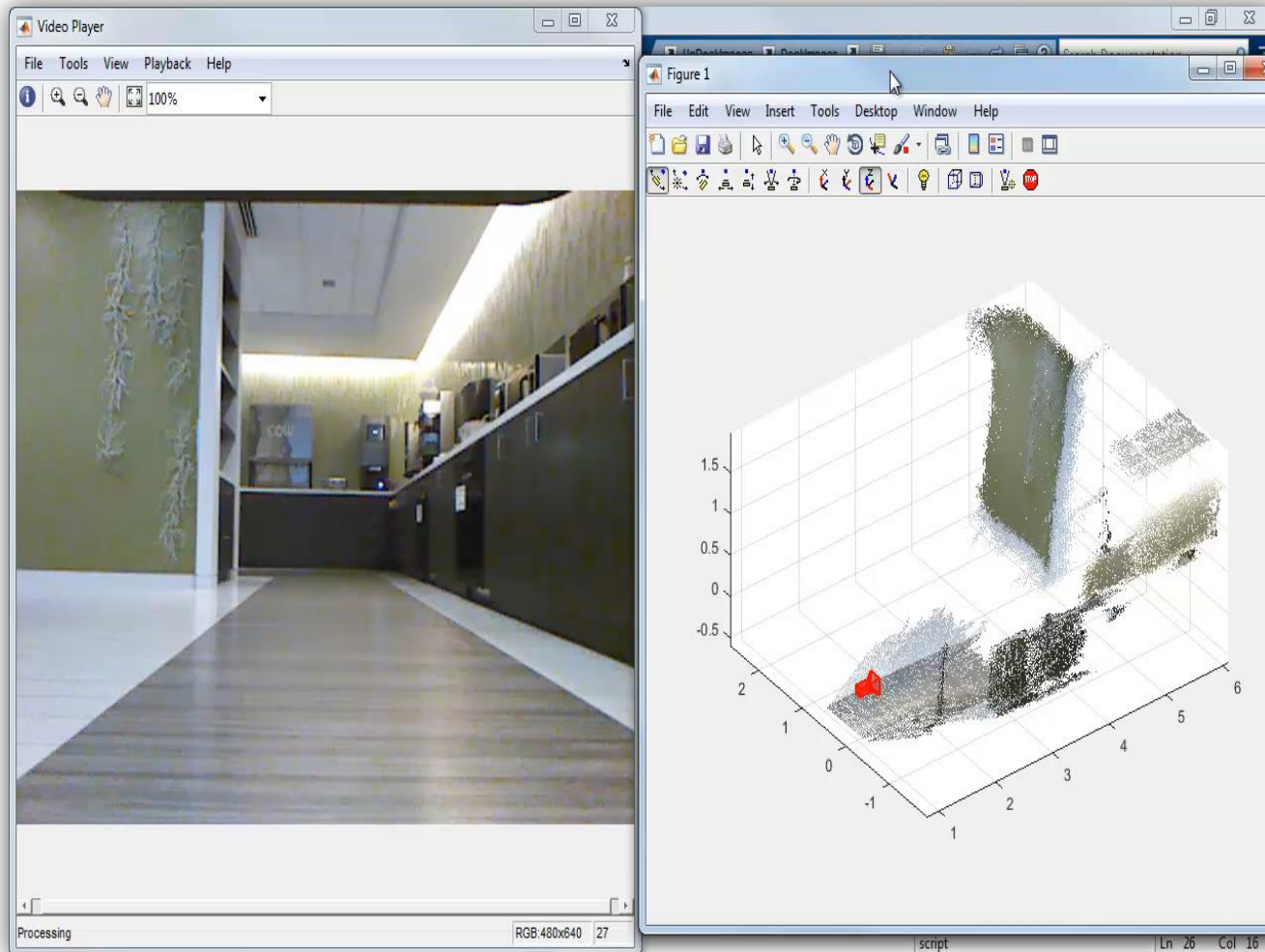
## Utilities

- Conversions between different rotation and translation representations

# EKF SLAM



# Visual SLAM



**Computer Vision System Toolbox™**

# Summary

- MATLAB can directly connect to many devices: Lidar, Kinect and other supported cameras.
- MATLAB/Simulink-ROS Interface provide an easy way to develop and test robotic algorithms.
- Automatically build and deploy generated Simulink ROS node to a robot or other supported hardware.

2016  
MATLAB® & SIMULINK®  
Tech Forum & EXPO

Accelerating innovation  
with MATLAB & Simulink

